



## **Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) 6.5.x**

### **Reference Guide**

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## Universal Automation Center Agent

Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) provides agent services for [Universal Controller](#), the Stonebranch workload automation solution that performs job scheduling, file transfer, and event monitoring across all server platforms in an enterprise.

UAG enables the Controller to schedule workload, transfer files, and monitor events on the Universal Agent system, integrating with the Controller to provide distributed, workload automation throughout the enterprise.

## Usage

Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) automatically starts when the Universal Broker starts and stops when the Universal Broker stops. In order for UAG to register with the Controller, UAG network configuration options must be appropriately defined for your local deployment.

UAG and the Controller communicate using the Universal Message Service (OMS) server. The OMS server provides for secure, reliable, asynchronous message oriented communications over TCP/IP sockets.

## Configuration

UAG must be configured with the TCP/IP addresses of the OMS servers. An OMS server address is the TCP/IP port number and host name or IP address. A comma-separated list of OMS server addresses may be specified that represent an OMS server High Availability cluster.

For detailed information on the configuration options, see [Universal Automation Center Agent Configuration Options](#).

## Component Definition

The Component Definition is a text file of options that defines UAG-specific information required by the Universal Broker.

For detailed information on the Component Definition options, see [Universal Automation Center Agent Component Definition Options](#).

## Universal Access Control List

Universal Access Control Lists (UACLs) provide an additional layer of control over how work is executed by UAG. UAG is deployed on all Agents to perform services, such as executing tasks or monitoring files, on behalf of the Controller. Where the Controller provides a secure, central point of control for all enterprise workload, UACLs provide an additional layer of security control on the systems running UAG. The UACLs provide the ability to customize security controls as required by the local security policy that governs a system.

UAG can execute tasks with or without user credentials. The task credentials define the user account (and password) with which the task executes.

The UACLs provide two capabilities in regards to task execution:

1. Restrict the user accounts with which the Controller tasks execute. Specific user accounts can be denied or allowed access. For example, a UACL entry can deny access to any task request executing as root, or allow only specific user accounts to be used for task execution and deny all others.
2. Disable user authentication. User authentication is performed by UAG with the user account and password provided in the Controller credentials before UAG executes the requested task. For tasks executed from the Controller using specific user accounts, UACL entries

can disable authentication so that passwords for these accounts do not have to be managed in the Controller. The task executes with the requested user account as if authentication was successfully completed.



**Note**

This is available only on UNIX and Linux platforms.

## UACL Entries

The syntax of a UACL entry file is the same as the UAG configuration file.

For detailed information about each UACL entry, see [Universal Automation Center Agent UACL Entries](#).

## Detailed Information

The following pages provide additional detailed information for UAG:

- [Universal Automation Center Agent on zOS](#)
- [Universal Automation Center Agent Configuration Options](#)
- [Universal Automation Center Agent Component Definition Options](#)
- [Universal Automation Center Agent UACL Entries](#)

## Universal Automation Center Agent on zOS

- z/OS Application Monitoring and Control
- Extended MCS Console
  - Security
- GDG Datasets Restriction
- Data Set Deletion Report
- UAG Audit Report

### z/OS Application Monitoring and Control

The Universal Controller [Application Monitoring and Control](#) feature allows you to use Universal Controller as an application monitoring and control system. You can start, stop, and query applications running on any system where you have an Agent installed and running.

A z/OS Universal Controller [Application](#) resource identifies a z/OS started task to be monitored and controlled by a z/OS Agent. The z/OS Agent executes MVS system commands using an extended MCS console to perform the start, stop, and query actions specified in the Application resource.

### Extended MCS Console

Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) establishes an extended MCS console with the following attributes:

Extended MCS Attribute	Value
Command Authority	Master Authority
Console Key (used in DISPLAY C command)	NONE
Console Name	UBROKER <a href="#">SYSTEM_ID</a> value
Command Scope	Current system
Message Scope	Current system
Override User Profile OPERPARM	Yes

### Security

The extended MCS console is activated and deactivated with the UBROKER STC user ID. The system commands are executed using the extended MCS console with the user ID defined by the Application resource credentials. If no credentials are specified in the Application resource definition, the system commands are executed with the UBROKER STC user ID.

Extended MCS consoles can be protected so that only permitted users have the authority to issue commands. The RACF OPERCMDS class is used to establish user security for extended MCS consoles.

Refer to the IBM *MVS Planning: Operations* and the *Security Server RACF Security Administrator Guide* manuals for complete details.

### GDG Datasets Restriction

[File Monitors](#) with Monitor Type = Exists or Create do not work with GDG datasets. Whether the generation is coded explicitly (for example: DATA.SET.NAME.G0001V00) or relatively (for example: DATA.SET.NAME(0)), the File Monitor will always end with 'Dataset Not Found'.

### Data Set Deletion Report

The UAG Deleted Data Sets report lists the data sets that were deleted before a z/OS job ran. This includes all data sets that were considered for deletion (that is, all data sets that would normally have been deleted, except under special circumstances).

Some reasons for not deleting a data set are:

- User specified OPSDSEDEL=NO
- Data set name is included in the dsn\_delete\_exclude list

- Data set is referenced in a step prior to the one that creates it.
- Data set was not created in a prior run because the step was skipped or flushed.
- An error occurred while trying to delete the data set.

## UAG Audit Report

At start-up, UAG produces a report containing information useful to Stonebranch Support.

This includes information on:

- UAG version
- OS version
- UAG configuration information
- OS environmental information
- Other UAG information considered useful

# Universal Automation Center Agent Configuration Options

- [Overview](#)
- [Configuration Options Information](#)
  - [Description](#)
  - [Usage](#)
  - [Values](#)
  - [Additional Information](#)
- [Configuration Options List](#)

## Overview

This page provides links to detailed information on the configuration options available for use with the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG). The options are listed alphabetically, without regard to any specific operating system.

## Configuration Options Information

For each configuration option, these pages provide the following information.

### Description

Describes the configuration option and how it is used.

### Usage

Provides a table of the following information:

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<Format / Value>					

### Method

Identifies the method used to specify Universal Automation Center Agent configuration options:

- Configuration File Keyword

### Syntax

Identifies the syntax of the method used to specify the option:

- Format: Specific characters that identify the option.
- Value: Type of value(s) to be supplied for this method.

### (Operating System)

Identifies the operating systems for which each method of specifying the option is valid:

- IBM i
- HP NonStop
- UNIX
- Windows
- z/OS

## Values

Identifies all possible values for the specified value type.

Defaults are identified in **bold type**.

## Additional Information>

Identifies any additional information specific to the option.

## Configuration Options List

The following table identifies all Universal Automation Center Agent configuration options. Each **Option Name** is a link to detailed information about that option.

Option Name	Description
<a href="#">AGENT_CLUSTERS</a>	List of Agent Clusters to join automatically.
<a href="#">AGENT_IP</a>	IP address of an Agent.
<a href="#">CF_STRUCT_NAME</a>	Name of a Coupling Facility structure that will be used to communicate from the secondary Agents to the primary Agent.
<a href="#">CODE_PAGE</a>	Text translation code page.
<a href="#">DATA_DIRECTORY</a>	Base directory for the UAG <code>cache/</code> , <code>logs/</code> , and <code>var/</code> sub-directories.
<a href="#">DSN_DELETE_EXCLUDE</a>	Data sets that are excluded from UAG re-run data set delete processing.
<a href="#">ENABLE_SSL</a>	Specification for whether to enable or disable the SSL protocol for network communications between UAG and OMS.
<a href="#">FM_CREATE_FAIL_NODIR</a>	Specification for whether or not a Universal Controller <a href="#">File Monitor task</a> with a <a href="#">Monitor Type</a> of <b>Create</b> will fail if the directory specified in the file(s) to monitor does not exist.
<a href="#">FM_FAULT_TOLERANT</a>	Specification for whether or not <a href="#">File Monitors</a> will behave in a fault tolerant manner.
<a href="#">FM_FAULT_TOLERANT_TIMEOUT</a>	Specification for the amount of time that a <a href="#">fault tolerant File Monitor</a> will tolerate a temporary fault condition before failing.
<a href="#">HIGH_COMMON_STORAGE</a>	Maximum amount of high common storage (in MB) that will be used by an Agent to stage job tracking information.
<a href="#">INSTALLATION_DIRECTORY</a>	Base directory where product is installed.



JCL_LIBRARY	JCL library ddname allocations.
JES_SYSOUT_CLASS	JES held class dedicate to UAG SYSOUT processing.
JES_SYSOUT_DISP	Disposition of a job's SYSOUT data sets once UAG has completed processing them.
JES_SYSOUT_RETENTION	Number of hours that job SYSOUT files are retained in the UAG cache directory.
JSC_DATASET	Name of the VSAM Job Submission Checkpoint cluster. In a sysplex environment, all Agents sharing the same system ID must use the same JSC.
JTSK_NUM	Number of job task worker threads (JTSK threads) created, which are responsible for job-related services, such as job submission, tracking, and JES sysout collection.
KEYSTORE_PATH	Path to a local or remote Universal Broker service interface from which an encryption key can be obtained.
LOGLVL	Logging level of UAG.
LOGON_METHOD	Specification for whether the Batch Logon or Interactive Logon type will be used for all of the tasks executed by the Agent.
MESSAGE_LEVEL	Level of messages written.
MIN_SSL_PROTOCOL	Minimum SSL protocol level that will be negotiated and used for communications channels.
NETNAME	Default network ID of UAG.
OMS_SERVERS	Port and network address of the Universal Message Service (OMS) server(s) used for network communications.
RERUN_LOAD_LIBRARY	Port and network address of the Universal Message Service (OMS) server(s) used for network communications. Location of the Stonebranch Rerun Utility (UAGRERUN).
SECURITY	Activates user security.
SSL_CIPHER_LIST	SSL cipher suites acceptable for use by the SSL protocol.
SSL_SERVER_AUTH	Enables OMS server certificate authentication if the SSL protocol is used for network communication.

TASK_RETRY_COUNT	Number of attempts to retry a task, in an interval specified by the <a href="#">TASK_RETRY_INTERVAL</a> configuration option, before the task goes to the Failed status.
TASK_RETRY_INTERVAL	Number of seconds that will elapse between a failed <a href="#">start task retry</a> attempt and the retry of that start task attempt.
TMP_DIRECTORY	Directory for temporary files.
TRACE_DIRECTORY	Directory for trace files.
TRACE_FILE_LINES	Maximum number of lines written to the trace file.
TRACE_TABLE	Memory trace table specification.
TXTDEBUG	Specification for enabling or disabling additional diagnostics messages.

## AGENT\_CLUSTERS - UAG configuration option

### Description

The AGENT\_CLUSTERS option specifies the list of Agent Clusters to join automatically.

(For information on creating agent clusters and assigning agents to agent clusters, see [Agent Clusters](#).)

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>agent_clusters list</code>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*list* is the list of Agent Clusters to join automatically.

The syntax of *list* is a text string. Cluster names are separated by commas.

For example:

```
agent_clusters 'GA Cluster, CA Cluster'
```

**Default is 'Opwise - Default Linux/Unix Cluster, Opwise - Default Windows Cluster'.**

## AGENT\_IP - UAG configuration option

### Description

The AGENT\_IP option specifies the IP address or host name (which resolves to an IP address) that the Agent reports to the Controller.

- If AGENT\_IP specifies an IP address, the Agent reads the list of local network interfaces (and their IP addresses) and compares the specified IP address against the list. If the specified IP address is not the address of one of the local interfaces, the Agent reports an error and terminates.
- If AGENT\_IP specifies a host name, the host name gets resolved to an IP address. The Agent reads the list of local network interfaces (and their IP addresses) and compares the IP address of the specified host name against the list. If the Agent cannot resolve the host name to an IP address, the Agent reports an error and terminates.
- If the AGENT\_IP is not specified, the Agent gets its host name and resolves that to an IP address. If the name cannot be resolved, **127.0.0.1** is used as the IP address; otherwise, the resolved address is used.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	agent_ip address					

### Values

*address* is the IP address or host name of the Agent.

## CF\_STRUCT\_NAME - UAG configuration option

### Description

The CF\_STRUCT\_NAME option specifies the name of a Coupling Facility structure that will be used to communicate from the secondary Agents to the primary Agent. All Agents sharing the same system ID must use the same Coupling Facility structure name.

CF\_STRUCT\_NAME is required if the value of the [SYSPLEX\\_ROLE](#) Universal Broker configuration option is **primary** or **secondary**.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	cf_struct_name <i>name</i>					

### Values

*name* is the name of a Coupling Facility structure that will be used to communicate from the secondary Agents to the primary Agent.

**There is no default value.**

## CODE\_PAGE - UAG configuration option

### Description

The CODE\_PAGE option specifies the character code page that is used to translate text data received and transmitted over the network.

The Universal Translate Table (UTT) files are used to translate between Unicode and the local single-byte code page.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>codepage <i>codepage</i></code>			✔	✔	✔

### Value

*codepage* is the character code page that is used to translate data.

*codepage* references a Universal Translate Table (UTT) file provided with the product (see [UTT Files](#) for information on UTT files). UTT files are used to translate between Unicode and the local single-byte code page. (All UTT files end with an extension of **.utt**.)

### Default

The default code page is different for different operating systems:

- ISO8859-1 (8-bit ASCII): ASCII-based operating systems
- IBM1047 (EBCDIC): EBCDIC-based operating system

See [Character Code Pages](#) for a complete list of character code pages provided by Stonebranch Inc. for use with Universal Agent components.

## DATA\_DIRECTORY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The DATA\_DIRECTORY option specifies the base directory for the UAG `cache/`, `logs/`, and `var/` sub-directories.



**Note**

By default, these sub-directories are hard-coded to `/var/opt/universal/uag`. This presents a problem when trying to run multiple Universal Brokers/UAGs on the same system, and in a scenario where you cannot have those directories under `/var/opt/universal/uag`.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>data_directory directory</code>			✔	✔	

### Value

*directory* is the full path name of the base directory for the UAG `cache/`, `logs/`, and `var/` sub-directories.

### Defaults

<b>UNIX</b>	<code>/var/opt/universal/uag</code>
<b>Windows</b>	<code>'.'</code> (which gets translated to <code>&lt;Installation Directory&gt;\UAGSrv</code> )

## DSN\_DELETE\_EXCLUDE - UAG Configuration Option


### Description

The DSN\_DELETE\_EXCLUDE option specifies the names of data sets that are excluded from UAG data set delete processing.

When UAG launches a zOS task, it analyzes the JCL to determine which data sets to delete in order to avoid duplicate data set creation. Data sets specified to be excluded from delete processing are never considered by UAG for deletion, even in cases where they should be in order to successfully re-run a job.

The DSN\_DELETE\_EXCLUDE option can be specified multiple times. All specified data sets are added to the list of data sets to exclude from delete processing.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>dsn_delete_exclude dataset[,dataset]...</code>					

### Value

*dataset* is the name of a data set to exclude from delete processing.

*dataset* can be either a fully-qualified data set name or it can end with an asterisk (\*) to match any data set name starting with the specified *dataset* value. An asterisk can only be used at the end of the *dataset* value.

**There is no default value.**

### Examples

```
dsn_delete_exclude sys1.* , sys2.* , app.prod.data
```

This example excludes all data sets starting with `SYS1.` and `SYS2.` and fully-qualified data set `APP.PROD.DATA` from UAG data set delete processing. UAG will never delete these data sets, even when it would be necessary to successfully execute or re-run a job.

```
dsn_delete_exclude sys1.*
dsn_delete_exclude sys2.*
dsn_delete_exclude app.prod.data
```

This example excludes the same data sets as the previous example from delete processing. The DSN\_DELETE\_EXCLUDE option is used multiple times to specify each of the data sets to be excluded instead of a comma-separated list of data set names.

```
dsn_delete_exclude *
```

This example excludes all data sets from delete processing.



## ENABLE\_SSL - UAG configuration option

### Description

The ENABLE\_SSL option specifies whether to enable or disable the SSL protocol for network communications between UAG and the Universal Message Service (OMS).

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	enable_ssl <i>option</i>					

### Values

*option* is the specification for whether to enable or disable the SSL protocol

Valid values for *option* are:

- **yes** - SSL is enabled.
- **no** - SSL is disabled.

**Default is no.**

## FM\_CREATE\_FAIL\_NODIR - UAG configuration option

### Description

The FM\_CREATE\_FAIL\_NODIR option specifies whether or not a Universal Controller [File Monitor task](#) with a [Monitor Type](#) of **Create** will fail if the directory specified in the file(s) to monitor does not exist.



**Note**

Starting with UAGSRV 5.2.0.0, the default behavior of **Create** File Monitor tasks was changed to fail if the directory provided in the file path did not exist. This behavior is incompatible with pre-5.2.0.0 releases.

UAGSRV 5.2.0.11 (delivered with the Universal Agent 5.2.0.11 maintenance release) restored the default behavior that existed prior to 5.2.0.0, which allows a File Monitor task to continue executing and to wait (if necessary) for the complete path to be created.

For any **Create** File Monitor task you may have implemented since 5.2.0.0 - where the task is expected to fail if the directory does not exist - UAGSRV 5.2.0.11 provided FM\_CREATE\_FAIL\_NODIR to restore pre-5.2.0.11 behavior.

The behavior delivered with UAGSRV 5.2.0.11 will continue to be the default, and any new **Create** File Monitor tasks should be designed with this in mind.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	fm_create_fail_nodir <i>option</i>					

### Values

*option* specifies whether or not a **Create File Monitor task** will fail if the specified directory does not exist when the task begins execution.

Valid values for *option* are:

- **yes**  
Task will fail if the specified directory does not exist when the task is launched.
- **no**  
Task will continue to execute if the specified directory does not exist when the task is launched.

**Default is no.**

## FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT - UAG configuration option

### Description


The FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT option specifies whether or not [File Monitors](#) will behave in a fault tolerant manner.

Fault tolerant [File Monitors](#) will handle error conditions that are considered temporary by retrying the action for an amount of time specified by the FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT\_TIMEOUT UAG configuration option.

If a fault is not resolved in the time period specified by FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT\_TIMEOUT, the [File Monitor](#) will fail.

If FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT is set (to **no**) so that [File Monitors](#) are not behave in a fault tolerant manner, any fault encountered by a [File Monitor](#) will result in a failure.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	fm_fault_tolerant <i>option</i>					

### Values

*option* specifies whether or not fault tolerant [File Monitor](#) behavior is enabled.

Valid values for *option* are:

- **yes**  
[File Monitors](#) will handle error conditions that are considered temporary by retrying the action.
- **no**  
Any fault encountered by [File Monitors](#) will result in a failure.


**Default is no.**

## FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT\_TIMEOUT - UAG configuration option

### Description

The FM\_FAULT\_TOLERANT\_TIMEOUT option specifies the amount of time that a [fault tolerant File Monitor](#) will tolerate a temporary fault condition before failing.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	fm_fault_tolerant_timeout <i>time</i>					

### Values

*time* specifies the amount of time that a [fault tolerant File Monitor](#) will tolerate a temporary fault condition before failing.

Format: **nnnn[s|m|h|d]**

- **nnnn** = numeric value
- **s** = seconds
- **m** = minutes
- **h** = hours
- **d** = days


**Default is 120s.**

## HIGH\_COMMON\_STORAGE - UAG configuration option

### Description

The HIGH\_COMMON\_STORAGE option specifies the maximum amount of high common storage (in MB) that will be used by this Agent to stage job tracking information.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>high_common_storage amount</code>					

### Values

*amount* is the maximum amount of high common storage (in MB) that will be used by this Agent to stage job tracking information.

**Limit is 128; Default is 4.**

## INSTALLATION\_DIRECTORY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The INSTALLATION\_DIRECTORY option specifies the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) base installation directory.



**Note**

This is a required option.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	installation_directory <i>directory</i>			✔	✔	

### Value

*directory* is the name of the UAG base installation directory.

A full path name is required.



**UNIX**

If UAG is installed in `/opt/universal/uag`, specify that entire path name: `/opt/universal/uag`.



**Windows**

The default is set in the `uags.conf` file at installation time.

## JCL\_LIBRARY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The JCL\_LIBRARY option specifies the JCL library ddname allocations.

JCL libraries are referred to by Universal Controller z/OS task definitions by ddname and member name for batch job submission.

You can JCL\_LIBRARY multiple times for the same ddname. All the data sets specified on the JCL\_LIBRARY options are concatenated on the ddname in the order read.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>jcl_library ddname,dataset[UAG520: ,dataset]...</code>					

### Value

The value is a ddname followed by a comma-separated list of one or more data set names to allocate to the ddname. The data sets are concatenated on the ddname in the order listed.

**There is no default value.**

### Examples

```
jcl_library    prod,sys1.jcl.cnt1,sys2.jcl.cnt1
```

This example illustrate two data sets being allocated to ddname PROD.

`sys1.jcl.cnt1` will be first in the concatenation since it is first in the data set list.

```
jcl_library    prod,sys1.jcl.cnt1
jcl_library    prod,sys2.jcl.cnt1
jcl_library    "test, test1.jcl.cnt1, +
                test2.jcl.cnt1, +
                test3.jcl.cnt1"
```

This example illustrates two ddnames being allocated, PROD and TEST.

- The PROD ddname will have data sets `sys1.jcl.cnt1` and `sys2.jcl.cnt1` allocated in that order.
- The TEST ddname will have `test1.jcl.cnt1`, `test2.jcl.cnt1`, `test3.jcl.cnt1` allocated in that order.

## JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS - UAG configuration option

### Description


The JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS option specifies the JES held class dedicated to UAG SYSOUT processing.

Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) processes a number of SYSOUT data sets produced by the batch jobs it submits. When there are multiple SYSOUT applications in the environment, JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS must be specified for UAG to reliably process the SYSOUT data sets.

By specifying a JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS value, UAG will add or update the JCL JOB statement MSGCLASS parameter to the JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS value. UAG will process the SYSOUT data sets from this JES held class. Once it has completed processing, it performs final disposition of the SYSOUT data sets as specified by the UAG [JES\\_SYSOUT\\_DISP](#) option.

See [JES SYSOUT Processing](#) for a description of UAG SYSOUT Processing configuration.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	jes_sysout_class <i>class</i>					

### Value

*class* is the JES held class dedicated to UAG SYSOUT processing.

Valid value for *class* is any JES held class. A JES held class is defined with a JES JOBCLASS statement with an OUTDISP parameter value of HOLD,HOLD. The class must be used exclusively by UAG.

If no class is specified, UAG will select a job's SYSOUT data sets from any class with any disposition (held or not).



## JES\_SYSOUT\_DISP - UAG configuration option


### Description

The JES\_SYSOUT\_DISP option specifies the disposition of a job's SYSOUT data sets once Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) has completed processing them.

The JES\_SYSOUT\_DISP, JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS, and JES\_SYSOUT\_RETENTION options together are used to configure UAG's SYSOUT processing.

See [JES SYSOUT Processing](#) for a description of UAG SYSOUT Processing configuration.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>jes_sysout_disp disp [ , { * [, defaultClass ]   class } ]</code>					

### Value

*disp* is the SYSOUT data sets disposition.

Valid values for *disp* are:

- DELETE  
SYSOUT data sets are deleted from the JES spool.
- KEEP  
SYSOUT data sets are kept as they are.
- HOLD  
SYSOUT data sets are held.
- RELEASE  
SYSOUT data sets are released.

For disposition values other than DELETE, the SYSOUT data sets can be requeued to another JES class, *class*.

The requeue *class* value is optional. If it is not specified, the SYSOUT data sets remain in their current class.

Valid values for *class* are:

- An asterisk (\*) specifies the SYSOUT data sets are requeued back to the original MSGCLASS value. This option works in conjunction with the JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS option. The *defaultClass* value is the default class if the job's JCL JOB statement did not include a MSGCLASS parameter. The *defaultClass* default is class A.
- A JES class to which the SYSOUT data sets are requeued.

If the JES\_SYSOUT\_DISP value is anything other than KEEP, the JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS option is required.

### Examples

```
jes_sysout_disp    keep,*,H
```

This example sets the final disposition of SYSOUT data sets to KEEP, which will leave the SYSOUT data sets disposition unchanged.

The requeue class is \*, which works in conjunction with the JES\_SYSOUT\_CLASS option. The SYSOUT data sets are requeued to the original MSGCLASS value of the job. If the job's JCL JOB statement originally included MSGCLASS=X, the SYSOUT data sets will be requeued to class X. If the JOB statement did not include a MSGCLASS parameter, the SYSOUT data sets are requeued to the default class of H.

```
jes_sysout_disp    release,*
```

This example sets the final disposition of SYSOUT data sets to RELEASE, which will release the SYSOUT data sets to the JES output queue.

The requeue class is \*, which works in conjunction with the `JES_SYSOUT_CLASS` option. The SYSOUT data sets are requeued to the original MSGCLASS value of the job. If the job's JCL JOB statement originally included `MSGCLASS=H`, the SYSOUT data sets will be requeued to class H. If the JOB statement did not include a MSGCLASS parameter, the SYSOUT data sets are requeued to the default, default class of A.

```
jes_sysout_disp    hold,H
```

This example sets the final disposition of SYSOUT data sets to HOLD, which sets the SYSOUT data sets disposition to hold.

The SYSOUT data sets are requeued to class H.

```
jes_sysout_disp    delete
```

This example sets the final disposition of SYSOUT data sets to DELETE, which removes the SYSOUT data sets from the JES spool.

## JES\_SYSOUT\_RETENTION - UAG Configuration Option

### Description

The JES\_SYSOUT\_RETENTION option specifies the number of hours that job SYSOUT files are retained in the UAG cache directory. The SYSOUT files are deleted once the retention period expires.

See [JES SYSOUT Processing](#) for a description of UAG SYSOUT Processing configuration.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>jes_sysout_retention hours</code>					

### Value

*hours* is the number of hours job SYSOUT files are retained in the UAG cache directory.

The default is **1**.

## JSC\_DATASET - UAG configuration option

### Description

The JSC\_DATASET option specifies the name of the VSAM Job Submission Checkpoint (JSC) cluster. In a Sysplex environment, all Agents sharing the same system ID must use the same JSC.

JSC\_DATASET is required for all z/OS users.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>jsc_dataset name</code>					

### Values

*name* is the name of the VSAM Job Submission Checkpoint cluster.

**There is no default value.**

## JTSK\_NUM - UAG configuration option

### Description

UAG uses a fixed number of job task worker threads (JTSK threads) responsible job-related services, such as job submission, tracking, and JES sysout collection.

The JTSK\_NUM option specifies the number of JTSK threads created. Job task throughput may be improved with more JTSK threads, depending on O/S resource availability.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>jtsk_num <i>number</i></code>					

### Value

*number* is the number of JTSK threads created. Valid vales are in the range of 1 to 64, inclusively.




**Default is 5.**

## KEYSTORE\_PATH - UAG configuration option

### Description

The KEYSTORE\_PATH option specifies the local or remote Universal Broker service interface from which an encryption key can be obtained.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	keystore_path <i>path</i>					

### Value

*path* is the path to the local or remote Universal Broker service interface.

## LOGLVL - UAG configuration option

### Description

The LOGLVL option specifies the logging level of Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG).

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	loglvl <i>level</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*level* is the logging level of UAG.

Valid values for *level* are:

- **E** - ERROR level.
- **W** - WARN level.
- **I** - INFO level.
- **D** - DEBUG level.
- **T** - TRACE level.

**Default is I.**

## LOGON\_METHOD - UAG Configuration Option

### Description

The LOGON\_METHOD option specifies whether the Batch Logon or Interactive Logon type will be used for all of the tasks executed by the Agent.



**Note**

This option is ignored if the SECURITY configuration option is set to **none**.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<i>logon option</i>					

### Values

*option* is the user's log on method.

Valid values for *option* are:

- **batch**  
Windows log on type is **batch**. A batch logon is provided to establish an execution environment for processes that execute on a user's behalf, but without that user's direct interaction. When this logon type is used, the user account must have the "Allow log on as a batch job" permission granted to it. Likewise, the account must not have the "Deny log on as a batch job" policy assigned to it.
- **interactive**  
Windows logon type is **interactive**. An interactive logon establishes an execution environment similar to one a user could expect to have when physically logged in to a workstation. When this logon type is used, the user account must have the "Allow log on locally" permission granted to it. Likewise, the account must not have the "Deny log on locally" policy assigned to it.

**Default is interactive.**



## MESSAGE\_LEVEL - UAG configuration option

### Description

The MESSAGE\_LEVEL option specifies the level of messages to write.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	message_level <i>level</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*level* is the level of messages to write.

Valid values for *level* are:

- **trace**  
Writes trace messages used for diagnostic purposes (see [Trace Files](#)).



#### Note

Use **trace** only as directed by Stonebranch, Inc. Customer Support.

- **audit**  
Writes audit, informational, warning, and error messages.
- **info**  
Writes informational, warning, and error messages.
- **warn**  
Writes warning and error messages.
- **error**  
Writes error messages only.

Default is **info**.

### Trace Files



#### UNIX

The trace file is created in the directory **/var/opt/universal/trace**.



#### Windows

The trace file is created in the installation directory of Universal Automation Center Agent, which defaults to:

**C:\Program Files\Universal\uag**

**z/OS**

There are two possible destinations of the trace data:

1. If ddname **UNVTRMDL** is defined in the UBROKER started task procedure, a sequential data set is created using the data set allocated to UNVTRMDL as a model.

The dynamically allocated trace data set name is **#HLQ.UBR.Dyymmdd.Thhmmss**, where:

- **#HLQ** is the data set name allocated on the UNVTRMDL ddname.
- **yymmdd** is the year, month, and day.
- **hhmmss** is the hour, minute, second the data set was allocated.

The amount of space allocated for trace data sets modeled after **UNVTRMDL** is based upon the **TRACE\_FILE\_LINES** configuration option and the record format of the model data set. If the model data set is fixed record format, the total amount of space measured in bytes is **TRACE\_FILE\_LINES \* LRECL**. If the model data set is variable record format, the total amount of space measured in bytes is **TRACE\_FILE\_LINES \* 50** (50 is considered the average length of a trace file record).

The number of cylinders is calculated from the total amount of space in bytes. The total number of cylinders is calculated base on a total of 16 extents being allocated.

The formula is  $\text{cylCount} = (\text{totalSize} / 16) / 750000$ .

The allocation unit is set to cylinders and the primary and secondary space allocation is set to cylCount (that is, **SPACE=(CYL,(cylCount,cylCount),RLSE)**).

2. If ddname **UNVTRMDL** is not defined in the UBROKER started task procedure, member name **UBROKER** is created in the PDS or PDS/E allocated to the UNVTRACE ddname.

Depending on the error condition being diagnosed, it is possible that the member name of the **UNVTRACE** PDS or PDS/E is not created. If this occurs, the **UNVTRMDL** ddname must be used to create a sequential data set name.

The records written to PDS and PDS/E members cannot be wrapped, so the **TRACE\_FILE\_LINES** limit has no effect on the maximum number of trace records written to the member.

## MIN\_SSL\_PROTOCOL - UAG configuration option

### Description

The MIN\_SSL\_PROTOCOL option specifies the minimum SSL protocol level that will be negotiated and used for communications channels.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	min_ssl_protocol <i>option</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*option* is the specification for the minimum SSL protocol level that will be supported.

- **TLS1\_0**  
Minimum SSL protocol is TLS 1.0.
- **TLS1\_2**  
Minimum SSL protocol is TLS 1.2.

**Default is TLS1\_0.**

## NETNAME - UAG configuration option

### Description

The NETNAME option sets the default network ID of Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG).

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	netname <i>name</i>					

### Values

*name* is the default network ID of UAG. It is a case sensitive value.

The default is **OPSAUTOCONF**.



**Note**

If *name* is **OPSAUTOCONF**, the ID would be requested from the Universal Controller after the first successful connection attempt.

## OMS\_SERVERS - UAG configuration option

### Description

The OMS\_SERVERS option specifies the port and network address of the Universal Message Service (OMS) server(s) used for network communication.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	oms_servers <i>port@host[,port@host...]</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*port* is the TCP port on which the OMS server is listening. The default is **7878**.

*host* is the host name or IP address of the OMS server.

### OMS Failover Configuration

OMS servers may be deployed in a [High Availability \(HA\)](#) cluster, in which there are two or more OMS servers. An HA cluster has one active OMS server and one or more inactive OMS servers. When the active OMS server fails, one of the inactive OMS servers becomes the new active OMS server. UAG will automatically failover to the new active member of the HA cluster.

An OMS server HA cluster is specified as a comma-separated list of OMS servers, where each OMS server specified in the list is a member of the same HA cluster. UAG will connect to the first OMS server in the list. If that OMS server connection fails, UAG will attempt to connect to the next OMS server in the list, and so on, until it has successfully connected. The first OMS server in the list is should be considered the primary OMS server and subsequent OMS servers in the list are backup OMS servers.

Do not specify OMS servers in the comma-separated list that are not part of the same HA cluster, otherwise OMS messages may be lost in the case of failover.


## RERUN\_LOAD\_LIBRARY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The RERUN\_LOAD\_LIBRARY option specifies the location of the Stonebranch Rerun Utility (UAGRERUN).

If no value is provided for this option, the load library in which the UAGRERUN module resides must be part of the z/OS LNKLST.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>rerun_load_library location</code>					

### Values

*location* is the location of the Stonebranch Rerun Utility (UAGRERUN).

**No Default.**

## SECURITY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The SECURITY option activates user security.

If SECURITY is activated, the remote command execution request must supply a local user ID and password. The command is started as that user.

If SECURITY is not activated, the user ID and password is not required from the remote request and the user's process is started with the same user ID as the remote agent.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<i>security option</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*option* is the specification for whether or not security is activated.

<b>UNIX</b>	<p>Valid values for <i>option</i> are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>default</b> - Security is activated and uses UNIX default user authentication method.</li> <li>• <b>none</b> - Security is not activated.</li> <li>• <b>trusted</b> - Security is activated and uses HP Trust Security authentication.</li> <li>• <b>pam</b> - Security is activated and use the Pluggable Authentication Modules (PAM) interface to provide user authentication.</li> </ul>
<b>Windows</b>	<p>Valid values for <i>option</i> are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>default</b> - Security is activated and uses Windows authentication to verify user ID and password.</li> <li>• <b>none</b> - Security is not activated.</li> </ul>
<b>z/OS</b>	<p>Valid values for <i>option</i> are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>default</b> - Security is activated and uses z/OS SAF user authentication method. The user ID must have an OMVS segment.</li> <li>• <b>none</b> - Security is not activated.</li> </ul>

**Default is default.**

## SSL\_CIPHER\_LIST - UAG configuration Option

### Description

The SSL\_CIPHER\_LIST option specifies the SSL cipher suites acceptable for use by the SSL protocol.

The SSL protocol uses the cipher suites to specify which encryption and message authentication (or message digest) algorithms to use.

To enable the use of the SSL protocol by UAG for communication with the OMS server, see the [ENABLE\\_SSL](#) option.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	ssl_cipher_list <i>list</i>	✔		✔	✔	✔

### Values

*list* is a comma-separated list of SSL cipher suites. The following table identifies the list of SSL cipher suites supported for this option.

The list is in default order, with the most preferred suite first and the least preferred suite last.

Cipher Suite	Description
AES256-GCM-SHA384	256-bit AES encryption in Galois Counter Mode, SHA-2 384-bit message digest.
AES256-SHA	256-bit AES encryption with SHA-1 message digest.
AES128-GCM-SHA256	128-bit AES encryption in Galois Counter Mode, SHA-2 256-bit message digest.
AES128-SHA	128-bit AES encryption with SHA-1 message digest.
RC4-SHA	128-bit RC4 encryption with SHA-1 message digest.
RC4-MD5	128-bit RC4 encryption with MD5 message digest.
DES-CBC3-SHA	128-bit Triple-DES encryption with SHA-1 message digest.
DES-CBC-SHA	128-bit DES encryption with SHA-1 message digest.





## SSL\_SERVER\_AUTH - UAG configuration option

### Description

The `SSL_SERVER_AUTH` option enables OMS server certificate authentication if the SSL protocol is used for network communication.

By default, UAG does not authenticate the OMS server certificate.

To enable the use of the SSL protocol by UAG for communication with the OMS server, see the [ENABLE\\_SSL](#) option.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>ssl_server_auth option</code>					

### Values

*option* specifies whether or not OMS server certificate authentication when the SSL protocol is used.

Valid values for *option* are:

- **yes** - OMS server certificate is authenticated.
- **no** - OMS server certificate is not authenticated.


Default is **no**.

## TASK\_RETRY\_COUNT - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TASK\_RETRY\_COUNT option specifies the number of attempts to retry a task, in an interval specified by the TASK\_RETRY\_INTERVAL configuration option, before the task goes to the Failed status.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	task_retry_count <i>number</i>					

### Values

*number* is the number of retry attempts to make before the task goes to the Failed status.


- If *number* is 0 or is not specified, the feature is disabled and task execution behaves as usual.
- If *number* is >0, every failure to start a task causes it to be rerun.

## TASK\_RETRY\_INTERVAL - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TASK\_RETRY\_INTERVAL option specifies the number of seconds that will elapse between a failed [start task retry](#) attempt and the retry of that start task attempt.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	task_retry_interval <i>seconds</i>					

### Values

*second* is the number of seconds that will elapse between a failed start task retry attempt and the retry of that start task attempt.

## TMP\_DIRECTORY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TMP\_DIRECTORY option specifies the directory that Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) uses for temporary files.



#### z/OS

TMP\_DIRECTORY specifies the name of a z/OS UNIX directory.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	tmp_directory <i>directory</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*directory* is the name of the directory.

A fully qualified path name is recommended.

### Defaults

<b>UNIX</b>	/var/opt/universal/tmp
<b>Windows</b>	..tmp
<b>z/OS</b>	/tmp

## TRACE\_DIRECTORY - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TRACE\_DIRECTORY option specifies the directory that Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) uses for trace files ([MESSAGE\\_LEVEL](#) option value is set to **trace**).

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	trace_directory <i>directory</i>			✔	✔	

### Values

*directory* is the name of the directory for trace files.

Relative path names are relative to the UAG installation directory.

Full path names are recommended.

### Defaults

<b>Windows</b>	C:\Program Files\Universaluag.
<b>UNIX</b>	/var/opt/universal/trace.

## TRACE\_FILE\_LINES - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TRACE\_FILE\_LINES option specifies the maximum number of lines to write to the trace file.

A trace file is generated when the MESSAGE\_LEVEL option is set to **trace**. The trace file will wrap around when the maximum number of lines has been reached and start writing trace entries after the trace header lines.

(The average size of a trace file line is 50 characters.)

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	trace_file_lines <i>lines</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*lines* is the maximum number of lines to write to the trace file.

**Default is 100,000.** (If space is limited in the trace file directory, set *lines* to a smaller value.)

## TRACE\_TABLE - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TRACE\_TABLE option specifies the size of a wrap-around trace table maintained in memory.

The trace table is written to a file / data set when the program ends under the conditions specified in this option. Tracing is activated, and a trace file is generated, when the MESSAGE\_LEVEL option is set to **trace**.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<i>trace_table size, condition</i>			✓	✓	✓

### Values

*size* is the size (in bytes) of the trace table.

The size can be suffixed with either of the following characters:

- **M** indicates that the size is specified in megabytes
- **K** indicates that the size is specified in kilobytes

For example, *50M* indicates that 50 X 1,048,576 bytes of memory is allocated for the trace table.



#### Note

If *size* is **0**, the trace table is not used.

**Default is 0.**

*condition* is the condition under which the trace table is written.

Possible values for *condition* are:

- **error**  
Write the trace table if the program ends with a non-zero exit code.
- **always**  
Write the trace table when the program ends regardless of the exit code.
- **never**  
Never write the trace table.

**Default is never.**



## TXTDEBUG - UAG configuration option

### Description

The TXTDEBUG option specifies whether to enable or disable additional diagnostics messages.



**Note**

Since the use of TXTDEBUG could affect performance adversely, we recommended that it be used only by Technical Support.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	enable_ssl <i>option</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

Valid values are:

- **Y**  
Enable additional diagnostic messages.
- **N**  
Disable additional diagnostic messages.

**Default is N.**

# Universal Automation Center Agent Component Definition Options

- [Overview](#)
- [Component Definition Options Information](#)
  - [Description](#)
  - [Usage](#)
  - [Values](#)
- [Component Definition Options List](#)

## Overview

This page provides links to detailed information about the options that comprise Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) component definitions. The options are listed alphabetically, without regard to any specific operating system.

## Component Definition Options Information

For each component definition option, these pages provide the following information.

### Description

Describes the option and how it is used.

### Usage

Provides a table of the following information:

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	<Format / Value>					

### Method

Identifies the method used for specifying a UAG component definition option:

- Component Definition Keyword

### Syntax

Identifies the syntax of the method used to specify the option:

- Format: Specific characters that identify the option.
- Value: Type of value(s) to be supplied for this method.

### (Operating System)

Identifies the operating systems for which the method of specifying the option is valid:

- IBM i
- HP NonStop
- UNIX
- Windows
- z/OS

## Values

Identifies all possible values for the specified value type.

Defaults are identified in **bold type**.

## Component Definition Options List

The following table identifies all of the options that can comprise a UAG component definition. Each **Option Name** is a link to detailed information about that option.

Option Name	Description
<a href="#">AUTOMATICALLY_START</a>	Specification for whether or not the UAG Server starts automatically when Universal Broker is started.
<a href="#">COMPONENT_NAME</a>	Name by which the clients know the UAG Server.
<a href="#">CONFIGURATION_FILE *</a>	Name of the UAG Server configuration file.
<a href="#">RESTART</a>	Specification for whether or not the UAG Server should be restarted if it ends.
<a href="#">RESTART_CONDITIONS</a>	Exit conditions criteria for which the UAG server is considered eligible for restart.
<a href="#">RESTART_DELAY</a>	Number of seconds to wait before restarting the UAG Server.
<a href="#">RESTART_MAX_FREQUENCY</a>	Maximum frequency the UAG Server can be restarted.
<a href="#">RUNNING_MAXIMUM</a>	Maximum number of UAG Servers that can run simultaneously.
<a href="#">START_COMMAND *</a>	Program name of the UAG Server.
<a href="#">WORKING_DIRECTORY *</a>	Directory used as the working directory of the UAG Server.
* These options are required in all component definitions.	

## AUTOMATICALLY\_START - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The AUTOMATICALLY\_START option specifies whether or not the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) Server starts automatically when the Universal Broker is started.



**Note**

AUTOMATICALLY\_START is optional in a component definition.

### Usage

Method	Parameter / Value	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	auto_start <i>option</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*option* is the specification for how the UAG Server is started.

The only valid value for *option* is:

- **yes**  
UAG Server is started automatically when Universal Broker is started.

## COMPONENT\_NAME - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The COMPONENT\_NAME option specifies the name of the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) Server.

Component start requests refer to UAG Server by this name.



**Note**

COMPONENT\_NAME is optional in a component definition. If it is not specified, the file name is used as the component name.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	component_name <i>name</i>					

### Values

*name* is the name of the UAG server.

There is only one valid value for *name*:

- **uag**  
(This is the name of the UAG Server component definition file / member.)

This name should not be changed.

## CONFIGURATION\_FILE - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The CONFIGURATION\_FILE option specifies the name of the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) configuration file.



**Note**

CONFIGURATION\_FILE is required in a component definition.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	configuration_file <i>member</i> <b>or</b> configuration_file <i>file</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*member / file* is the name of the configuration member / file.

<b>UNIX</b>	Full path name of the configuration file. The file name can be any valid file name. The installation default is <b>/etc/universal/uags.conf</b> .
<b>Windows</b>	Full path name of the configuration file. The file name can be any valid file name. The installation default is <b>c:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\Universal\confuags.conf</b> .
<b>z/OS</b>	Member name of the component configuration file in the <b>UNVCONF</b> library allocated to the Universal Broker ddname <b>UNVCONF</b> . The installation default is <b>UAGCFG00</b> .

## RESTART - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The RESTART option specifies whether or not the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) Server should be restarted if it ends.



**Note**

RESTART is optional in a component definition.

The UAG Server is restarted when the following conditions are met:

1. Universal Broker is not in shutdown mode.
2. UAG Server has not been stopped by Universal Broker, Universal Control, or Universal Enterprise Controller. This is considered a controlled shutdown.
3. RESTART option value is **yes**.
4. UAG Server's exit conditions must meet one of the values specified by the [RESTART\\_CONDITIONS](#) option.
5. UAG Server must not have been restarted more than specified by the [RESTART\\_MAX\\_FREQUENCY](#) option.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>restart options</code>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*options* is the specification for whether or not the UAG Server should be restarted.

Valid values for *options* are:

- **yes**  
UAG Server should be restarted if it meets the restart criteria.
- **no**  
UAG Server should not be restarted.

**Default is no.**

## RESTART\_CONDITIONS - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The RESTART\_CONDITIONS option specifies the exit conditions of the UAG Server for which it should be considered eligible for restart.



**Note**  
RESTART\_CONDITIONS is optional in a component definition.

If the exit conditions of the UAG Server do not meet the criteria, it will not be restarted.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	restart_conditions <i>conditions</i>					

### Values

*conditions* is a comma-separated list of exit conditions.

The exit conditions names are based on the Universal Agent [return codes](#). Category names are used instead of numeric values, as the exit code numeric value may not be consistent across all platforms.

The exit conditions are:

<b>ABNORMAL</b>	UAG Server ended abnormally due to a UNIX signal, Windows Exception, z/OS ABEND, etc.
<b>SUCCESS</b>	UAG Server ended normally with exit code 0.
<b>WARN</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a warning exit code.
<b>ERROR</b>	UAG Server ended normally with an error exit code.
<b>FATAL</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a fatal exit code.
<b>CONFIG</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a configuration error exit code.
<b>SECURITY</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a security related exit code.
<b>NETWORK</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a network related exit code.
<b>SHUTDOWN</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a shutdown related exit code.
<b>LICENSE</b>	UAG Server ended normally with a license violation related exit code.
<b>ALL</b>	All of the above.

**Default is ABNORMAL.**



## RESTART\_DELAY - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The RESTART\_DELAY option specifies the number of seconds to wait from the time the Universal Broker detects that the UAG Server has ended until Universal Broker restarts it.



**Note**

RESTART\_DELAY is optional in a component definition.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	restart_delay <i>seconds</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*seconds* is the number of seconds to wait.

**Default is 5.**

## RESTART\_MAX\_FREQUENCY - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The RESTART\_MAX\_FREQUENCY option specifies the maximum frequency in which the UAG Server can be restarted in a specific time interval.



**Note**

RESTART\_MAX\_FREQUENCY is optional in a component definition.

If the UAG Server becomes eligible for restart but exceeds the maximum restart frequency, it will not be restarted.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Configuration File Keyword	<code>restart_max_frequency number/interval</code>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*number* is the maximum number of restarts.

*interval* is the time interval in which the specified maximum number of restarts (*number*) is allowed.

Valid values for interval are **week**, **day**, **hour**, and **minute**.

**Default is 2 / day.**

## RUNNING\_MAXIMUM - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The RUNNING\_MAXIMUM option specifies the maximum number of Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) Servers that can run simultaneously.

If this maximum number is reached, any command received to start a UAG Server is rejected.



**Note**  
RUNNING\_MAXIMUM is optional in a component definition.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	running_max <i>maximum</i>					

### Values

*maximum* is the maximum number of UAG Servers that can run simultaneously.

**Default is 1.**



**Note**  
If you specify 0 for *maximum*, the default (1) will be used. To use 0 for the maximum number of servers, specify -1 or less for *maximum*.

## START\_COMMAND - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The START\_COMMAND option specifies the full path name (member name for z/OS) of the UAG Server program.

Optionally, START\_COMMAND also can specify command line options.



**Note**

START\_COMMAND is required in a component definition.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	start_command <i>member</i> <b>or</b> start_command <i>name</i> [ <i>options</i> ]			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*member / name* is the full path name of the UAG Server program.

*options* is the optional list of command line options.

<b>UNIX</b>	<i>name</i> is the full path name of the UAG Server program.
<b>Windows</b>	<i>name</i> is the full path name of the UAG Server program. This name is defined at installation; it is not modifiable from the Universal Configuration Manager.
<b>z/OS</b>	<i>member</i> is the program object of the UAG Server. The program object must be in the Universal Broker's search order for loading program objects. The default location is the SUNVLOAD library allocated to the Universal Broker's STEPLIB ddname. Alternatively, starting with Universal Broker 5.1.0.4, <i>member</i> can be the fully specified path of a USS external link to the UAG Server program. The external link must be owned by UID 0.  <i>options</i> is not a valid value.

## WORKING\_DIRECTORY - UAG Component Definition option

### Description

The WORKING\_DIRECTORY option specifies the full path name used as the working directory of the Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG) Server.



**Note**  
WORKING\_DIRECTORY is required in a component definition.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
Component Definition Keyword	working_directory <i>directory</i>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

*directory* is the full path name of the working directory.

Default is (.).



**Caution**  
Do not change this directory.



**UNIX and Windows**  
*directory* is the full path name of the directory that the UAG Server uses as its working directory.



**z/OS**  
*directory* is the HFS directory name that the UAG Server uses as its working directory.

# Universal Automation Center Agent UACL Entries

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- [UACL Entries Information](#)
  - [Description](#)
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- [UACL Entries List](#)

## Introduction

This page provides links to detailed information on the Universal Access Control List (UACL) entries available for use with Universal Automation Center Agent (UAG).

The UACL entries are listed alphabetically, without regard to any specific operating system.

## UACL Entries Information

For each UACL entry, these pages provide the following information.

### Description

Describes the UACL entry and how it is used.

### Usage

Provides a table of the following information:

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
UACL File Keyword	<Type / Rule>					

### Method

Identifies the method used for specifying a UACL entry:

- UACL File Keyword

### Syntax

Identifies the syntax of the method used for a UACL entry:

- Type: Universal Agent component to which the rule applies.
- Rule: Client's identity, request to which the entry pertains, and security attributes that the entry enforces.

### (Operating System)

Identifies the operating systems for which the method of specifying the UACL entry is valid:

- IBM i
- HP NonStop
- UNIX
- Windows
- z/OS

## Values

Identifies all possible values for the fields in a UACL entry rule.

Defaults are identified in **bold type**.

## UACL Entries List

The following table identifies all UAG UACL Entries. Each **UACL Entry Name** is a link to detailed information about that option.

UACL Entry Name	Description
<a href="#">UAG_WORK_REQUEST</a>	Allows or denies access to a task execution request and if allowed, specifies whether or not user authentication is performed.

## UAG\_WORK\_REQUEST - UAG UACL Entry

### Description

A UAG\_WORK\_REQUEST UACL entry either allows or denies access to a task execution request and if allowed, specifies whether or not user authentication is performed.

The search for a UAG\_WORK\_REQUEST entry is based on the local user identifier with which the task is requested to execute. The first UACL entry found that matches the request will be used. If no match is found, the request is allowed to execute and the user account, if provided, is authenticated.

### Usage

Method	Syntax	IBM i	HP NonStop	UNIX	Windows	z/OS
UACL File Keyword	<code>uag_work_request local_user,access,auth</code>			✔	✔	✔

### Values

The `local_user` is the local user identifier specified in the Universal Agent task credentials. Generic masking is supported for the value.

See [UACL Entries](#) for more information on generic masking support.

Valid values for `access` are:

- **deny** - Universal Agent request to execute the task is denied.
- **allow** - Universal Agent request to execute the task is allowed.

Valid values for `auth` are:

- **auth** - User authentication is performed.
- **noauth** - User authentication is not performed. The task will execute with the requested user identifier without authenticating the user account.



#### Windows

The **noauth** value is not valid.